

Problem 1: Part (a):

```
> calib = read.table("calib.txt", header=T)
> str(calib)
> lm1 = lm(new~old, data=calib)
> summary(lm1)
Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)   1.748      114.732   0.015   0.988
old            0.984       0.115   8.553 2.69e-05 ***
---
Signif. codes:  0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1
```

Residual standard error: 169.5 on 8 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-Squared: 0.9014, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8891

F-statistic: 73.15 on 1 and 8 DF, p-value: 2.691e-05

Hence our linear model is : $\text{new} = 1.748 + 0.984 \cdot \text{old}$

For $H_0 : \beta_0 = 0$, t -ratio = 0.015, $df = 8$, p -value = 0.988, we do not reject H_0 .

Part(b):

```
lm1b = lm(new~old-1, calib) ##fit a linear model with intercept
summary(lm1b)
Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
old  0.98551      0.05067   19.45 1.16e-08 ***
---
```

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 159.8 on 9 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-Squared: 0.9768, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9742

F-statistic: 378.3 on 1 and 9 DF, p-value: 1.161e-08

Hence our linear model is : $\text{new} = 0.986 \cdot \text{old}$

For $H_0: \beta_0 = 1$, $t\text{-ratio} = \frac{(\hat{\beta}_1 - 1)}{SE(\hat{\beta}_1)} = (0.98551 - 1)/0.05067 = -0.286$, $df = 9$, $p\text{-value} = 0.7813$ do not reject H_0 .

Part(c):

From (b), we do not reject the hypothesis that the slope is 1. Hence there is no evidence of a difference between the two techniques.

Part(d):

```
> sum(lm1a$resid)
```

```
[1] -3.197442e-14
```

```
> sum(lm1b$resid)
```

```
[1] 3.813304
```

The residuals from part(a) sum to 0.

The residuals from part(b) sum to 3.813.

We lose the feature of residuals summing to 0 when forcing a regression line through the origin.

Problem 2:

```
larch = read.table("larch.txt", header=T)
```

```
lm2 = lm(height ~ ., larch)
```

Part(a)

```
>best.aic = step(lm2)
```

```
>summary(best.aic)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	-193.07	35.78	-5.396	2.03e-05	***
nitro	107.80	22.92	4.702	0.000109	***
phos	304.24	165.17	1.842	0.078998	.
potas	143.13	44.13	3.243	0.003731	**

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 38.05 on 22 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-Squared: 0.8602, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8412

F-statistic: 45.14 on 3 and 22 DF, p-value: 1.435e-09

The model preferred by AIC is:

Height = -193.07 + 107.80 * nitro + 304.24 * phos + 143.13 * potas.

Part(b)

```
n = length(larch $ height) # number of observations
```

```
best.bic = step(lm2, k=log(n))
```

```
summary(best.bic)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	-193.07	35.78	-5.396	2.03e-05	***

nitro	107.80	22.92	4.702	0.000109	***
phos	304.24	165.17	1.842	0.078998	.
potas	143.13	44.13	3.243	0.003731	**

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 38.05 on 22 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-Squared: 0.8602, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8412

F-statistic: 45.14 on 3 and 22 DF, p-value: 1.435e-09

The model preferred by BIC is:

Height = -193.07 + 107.80*nitro + 304.24 * phos + 143.13 * potas

Part(c)

Except **phos**, all other terms are significant at the 0.05 level.

Note: There is an outlier (ID=7) in the data. If deleted, the best model should be: Height = -217.82 + 114.75*nitro + 463.81 * phos + 100.33 * potas. All terms in this model are significant at the 0.05 level. The model plots seem better than previous model plots

```
larch1 = subset(larch, id != 7) ## subset without observation ID=7.
```

```
lm22 = lm(height~., data=larch1)
```

```
best.aic = step(lm22)
```

```
summary(best.aic)
```

```
best.bic = step(lm22, k=log(n))
```

```
summary(best.bic)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	-217.82	31.92	-6.824	9.54e-07	***
nitro	114.75	19.87	5.774	9.89e-06	***

phos	463.81	152.12	3.049	0.0061	**
potas	100.33	40.66	2.467	0.0223	*

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 32.75 on 21 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-Squared: 0.9008, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8866

F-statistic: 63.56 on 3 and 21 DF, p-value: 1.049e-10

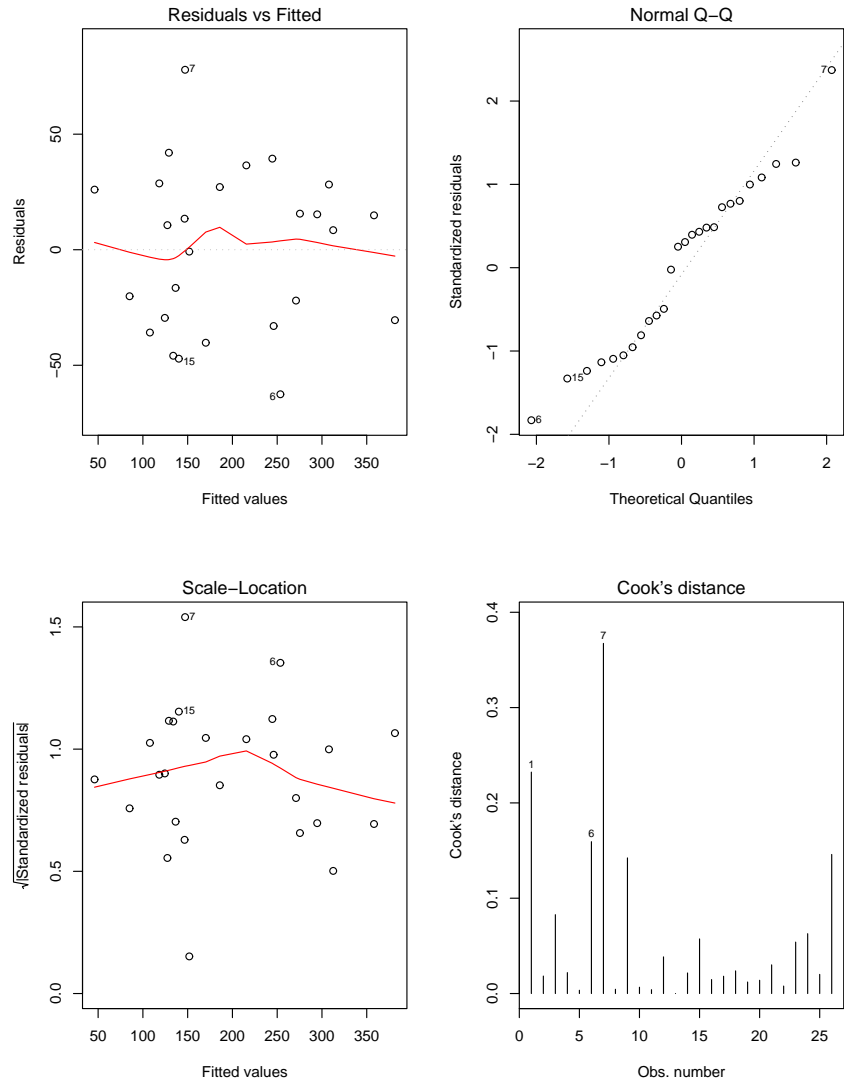


Figure 1: Model Checking Plots for Problem 2